

# What's the difference between a Protected Trust Deed and a Debt Arrangement Scheme in Scotland? A friendly guide to debt solutions

Struggling with debt in Scotland? You might be considering different options to manage your financial situation. Two common approaches are Protected Trust Deeds and Debt Arrangement Schemes.

[A Protected Trust Deed is a legally binding agreement](#) where you transfer your assets to a trustee who manages them to repay creditors, typically lasting 4 years. It allows you to write off unsecured debts you can't afford to repay. You make monthly payments based on what you can afford, and any remaining debt is usually written off at the end of the term.

A Debt Arrangement Scheme, on the other hand, is a government-run debt management plan. It allows you to repay your debts in full over an extended period, usually up to 10 years. Your payments are distributed to creditors, and interest and fees are frozen. Unlike a Protected Trust Deed, a Debt Arrangement Scheme doesn't involve transferring assets or writing off debt.

## Understanding Protected Trust Deeds

Protected Trust Deeds are a formal debt solution in Scotland. They offer a way to manage unsecured debts and potentially write off a portion of what you owe.

# Definition of a Protected Trust Deed

A Protected Trust Deed is a legally binding agreement between you and your creditors. It allows you to repay a portion of your debts over a set period, typically four years. You transfer your assets to a trustee, who manages the agreement on your behalf.

The trustee assesses your income and expenses to determine how much you can afford to pay each month. They then distribute this amount among your creditors. At the end of the trust deed period, any remaining debt is usually written off.

## Key Features of Protected Trust Deeds

Protected Trust Deeds have several important characteristics:

- They're available only in Scotland
- You must have unsecured debts of at least £5,000
- Your payments typically last for four years
- A portion of your debt may be written off
- Your assets, including your home, may be at risk
- Creditors can object, but the deed becomes protected if a majority agree

Your credit rating will be affected for six years from the start date. During this time, you may find it difficult to obtain credit or certain types of employment.

## Advantages and Disadvantages

Protected Trust Deeds offer benefits but also have drawbacks.

Advantages:

- Fixed repayment term (usually four years)
- Potential debt write-off at the end

- Single monthly payment
- Protection from creditor legal action
- Interest and charges are often frozen

Disadvantages:

- Impact on credit rating
- Potential loss of assets, including your home
- Restrictions on obtaining credit
- May affect certain job prospects
- Not suitable for all types of debt

You should carefully consider your options and seek professional advice before entering into a Protected Trust Deed.

## **Exploring Debt Arrangement Schemes**

Debt Arrangement Schemes offer a structured approach to managing debts in Scotland. They provide a way to repay what you owe while protecting you from legal action by creditors.

### **Definition of a Debt Arrangement Scheme**

A Debt Arrangement Scheme (DAS) is a government-run debt management plan in Scotland. It's designed to help you pay off your debts over an extended period. This scheme allows you to make affordable monthly payments towards your unsecured debts.

Under a DAS, you'll work with an approved money adviser to create a Debt Payment Programme (DPP). This programme outlines how much you'll pay each month and for how long. Your debts are frozen, and interest and fees are typically stopped.



Photo by Alaur Rahman:  
<https://www.pexels.com/photo/round-coins-on-paper-bills-5277966/>

## How Debt Arrangement Schemes Work

To start a DAS, you'll need to speak with an approved money adviser. They'll assess your financial situation and help you create a DPP. This plan will be based on your income and essential living expenses.

Once your DPP is approved, you'll make a single monthly payment to a payment distributor. They'll then divide this money among your creditors. Your creditors can't take legal action against you while you're in the scheme.

The length of your DAS depends on your debts and how much you can afford to pay each month. There's no set time limit, but most schemes last between 5 and 10 years.

## Pros and Cons of Debt Arrangement Schemes

DAS offers several benefits. It protects you from legal action by creditors and stops interest and charges on your debts.

You'll only pay what you can afford each month, and you can keep your assets, including your home.

However, there are drawbacks to consider. A DAS will affect your credit rating, making it harder to get credit in the future. It's also a long-term commitment, often lasting several years.

You'll need to stick to a strict budget throughout the scheme. If your financial situation improves, you may be expected to increase your payments. Failing to keep up with payments could result in your DAS being revoked.

## **Comparative Analysis**

Protected Trust Deeds and Debt Arrangement Schemes offer different approaches to managing debt in Scotland. These solutions have distinct eligibility requirements, financial implications, and effects on your credit rating.

### **Eligibility Criteria**

To qualify for a Protected Trust Deed, you must have at least £5,000 in unsecured debts and be unable to repay them within a reasonable timeframe. You'll need to have a regular income or assets that can be sold to repay creditors. A licensed Insolvency Practitioner will assess your financial situation to determine if you're eligible.

For a Debt Arrangement Scheme, there's no minimum debt level required. You must have at least one debt and a regular income to make payments. You'll need to work with an approved money adviser who will help you create a Debt Payment Programme.

### **Financial Implications**

With a Protected Trust Deed, you'll make affordable monthly payments for typically 4 years. Any remaining debt is usually

written off at the end of this period. Your assets, including your home, may be at risk if they have significant equity.

A Debt Arrangement Scheme allows you to repay your debts in full over an extended period. You'll make regular payments based on what you can afford. Interest and fees on your debts are frozen while you're in the scheme. Your assets are protected, and you retain control of your finances.

## **Impact on Credit Rating**

Both options will negatively affect your credit rating. A Protected Trust Deed remains on your credit file for 6 years from the start date. This can make it difficult to obtain credit during this time and for several years afterwards.

A Debt Arrangement Scheme also appears on your credit report for 6 years. However, as you're repaying your debts in full, it may be viewed more favourably by future creditors compared to a Protected Trust Deed. Your credit score should start to improve once you complete the scheme and continue to manage your finances responsibly.

## **The Decision Process**

Choosing between a Protected Trust Deed and a Debt Arrangement Scheme requires careful consideration of your financial circumstances and seeking expert guidance.

## **Assessing Your Financial Situation**

Take a close look at your debts, income, and assets. List all your creditors and the amounts you owe. Calculate your monthly income and essential expenses. This will help you determine how much you can realistically afford to pay towards your debts each month.

Consider your employment status and future earning potential.

If you have a stable income, a Debt Arrangement Scheme might be more suitable. If your income is irregular or you're facing job uncertainty, a Protected Trust Deed could offer more flexibility.

Evaluate your assets, especially if you own property. A Protected Trust Deed might require you to release equity from your home, while a Debt Arrangement Scheme typically doesn't affect your assets.

## **Seeking Professional Advice**

Consult a licensed insolvency practitioner or money adviser. They can review your financial situation and explain the pros and cons of each option. These experts can help you understand:

- The impact on your credit rating
- How long each solution will last
- The likelihood of successfully completing the arrangement
- Potential risks and consequences

They'll also guide you through the application process for your chosen solution. Remember, professional advice is crucial for making an informed decision that best suits your circumstances.

Don't hesitate to ask questions and seek clarity on any aspects you're unsure about. The right choice will depend on your unique situation, so take your time to fully understand both options before deciding.

## **Conclusion and Next Steps**

Both Protected Trust Deeds and Debt Arrangement Schemes offer ways to manage debt in Scotland. Your choice depends on your

specific financial situation.

To decide which option suits you best:

1. Assess your debts and income
2. Speak with a qualified debt adviser
3. Consider the pros and cons of each solution

Remember, these schemes have long-term effects on your credit rating. Take time to understand the implications fully before proceeding.

If you're ready to move forward:

- For a Protected Trust Deed, contact an insolvency practitioner
- For a Debt Arrangement Scheme, reach out to an approved money adviser

You may find free debt advice through organisations like StepChange or Citizens Advice Scotland. These experts can guide you through the process and help you make an informed decision.

Take action soon to address your debt concerns. The sooner you start, the more options you'll have available. With the right approach, you can work towards a debt-free future.